

## **UTSW/BioTel EMS ALERT**

**August 20, 2015** 

## **EMS ALERT 15-004**

# Transporting BOTH a Pediatric Patient and an Adult Patient in One Ambulance to NEW PARKLAND HOSPITAL

#### Purpose:

To notify UTSW/BioTel EMS Providers that, with the opening of NEW PARKLAND HOSPITAL (NPH) on August 20, 2015, if they transport BOTH an Adult patient AND a Pediatric patient in one ambulance to NPH, **BOTH** patients **MUST** be off-loaded and shall be evaluated at the NPH Emergency Department.

#### **Background:**

- 1. Federal EMTALA regulations define a patient as having "come to the Emergency Department" when an ambulance crosses the threshold of that hospital's property.
- 2. Historically, because Old Parkland Hospital and Children's Health Dallas (previously Children's Medical Center Dallas) shared a common hallway, EMS Providers were permitted to "split" an Adult and a Pediatric patient transported in the same ambulance. The Adult patient would be evaluated at the Old Parkland Hospital, and the Pediatric patient would be evaluated at Children's Health Dallas.
- 3. The opening of the New Parkland Hospital on August 20, 2015 means that Children's Health Dallas is now several blocks away and the old procedure is no longer feasible.
- 4. This requires revision of EMS patient off-loading procedures when transporting both an Adult patient and Pediatric patient in the same ambulance.
- 5. UTSW BioTel/EMS System Guidelines for Therapy definition of a Pediatric patient:
  - a. Trauma: Patient under 14 years of age (p.100 of 2014-2016 EMS Guidelines)
  - b. Medical: Patient under 19 years of age (p.100)
  - c. Psychiatric: Patient under 13 years of age (p. 95)

## Critical Points, Effective Immediately:

- 1. Any ambulance transporting BOTH an Adult patient AND a Pediatric patient to NEW PARKLAND HOSPITAL (NPH) **MUST** off-load **BOTH** patients at NPH for evaluation.
- 2. If physicians in the NPH Emergency Department determine that a Pediatric patient requires a higher level of care, NPH staff will arrange transport of the patient to Children's Health Dallas.
- 3. Under NO circumstances shall EMS Providers off-load ONLY the Adult patient and then continue on to Children's Health Dallas with the Pediatric patient.
- 4. The same is true for ambulances arriving at Children's Health Dallas with BOTH a Pediatric patient and an Adult patient.
- 5. In that case, BOTH patients will need to be evaluated at Children's Health Dallas. Children's staff will arrange for transport of the Adult patient to NPH or another facility.

## EMS Field Transport and Destination Decision-Making Considerations:

- 1. Unless extenuating circumstances, such as a Mass Casualty Incident, mandate otherwise, Adult patients and Pediatric patients should be transported separately to NPH and to Children's Health Dallas, respectively.
  - a. This is normally in the best interest of both patients.
- 2. Therefore, it should not be **routinely** necessary or advisable to simultaneously transport BOTH an Adult patient AND a Pediatric patient in the same ambulance.
- 3. In particular, EMS Providers shall transport Pediatric patients under 14 years of age and meeting Trauma Center Triage Criteria to Children's Health Dallas, *NOT* to NEW PARKLAND HOSPITAL.
  - a. Exception: Pediatric burn patients who do not meet Pediatric Trauma Center Triage Criteria should be transported to NPH, not to Children's
- 4. Should there be ANY question or concern whether or not to transport both an Adult patient and a Pediatric patient to the same facility in one ambulance, EMS Providers shall immediately consult with their EMS Supervisor and/or BioTel.

#### **BioTel Notification Procedures:**

- 1. EMS Providers **shall ALWAYS** notify BioTel when en route either to NPH or to Children's Health Dallas with BOTH an Adult patient AND a Pediatric patient in the same ambulance.
  - These notification procedures amend the standard pre-hospital notification procedures already in place in the 2014-2016 UTSW/BioTel EMS Guidelines for Therapy.

#### **SUMMARY:**

- 1. The transport of BOTH an Adult patient AND a Pediatric patient in the same ambulance either to NPH or to Children's Health Dallas is not routinely recommended.
- 2. EMS Providers who transport BOTH an Adult patient AND a Pediatric patient either to NPH or to Children's Health Dallas in the same ambulance **shall ALWAYS** notify BioTel while en route.
- 3. EMS Providers **MUST** off-load **BOTH** patients for evaluation at the first receiving hospital Emergency Department, either NPH or Children's Health Dallas.
- This Alert expands upon and, where applicable, supersedes relevant Destination Policy information in the current 2014-2016 UTSW/BioTel EMS Guidelines for Therapy, pages 92-96 and pages 99-105.

## Resources (accessed August 19, 2015):

- 1. <u>UTSW/BioTel EMS Guidelines for Therapy</u>
  - UTSW/BioTel EMS Providers may contact Dr. Marshal Isaacs through BioTel, or at <u>Marshal.Isaacs@utsouthwestern.edu</u>, at any time with questions or concerns about this Alert
    - The Parkland Health & Hospital System appreciates the selfless and lifesaving services you provide each day to patients in our North Texas communities.